## WFEO Model Code of Practice for Sustainable Development and Environmental Stewardship

World Federation of Engineering Organizations Committee on Engineering and the Environment

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# Agenda

Introduction

**Model Code Principles** 

**Closing Remarks** 





# What is Sustainable Development?

"Sustainable development is development that meets the social, economic, and environmental needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs."

♦ Brundtland Commission Report (1987)



- The needs of the world's poor are a fundamental societal challenge requiring engineering involvement
- Population, social organization and technology can impose limits
  - Environmental decline or enhancement
  - Inability or ability to meet current and future needs
- Technology can also be applied to counter some of the negative impacts on the environment

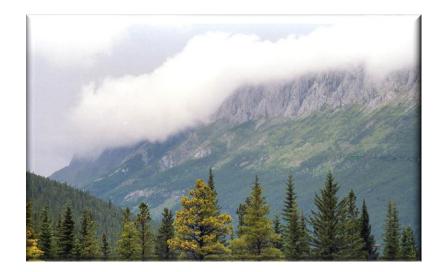




# What is Environmental Stewardship?

"Environmental Stewardship is the prudent use of the finite resources in nature to produce the greatest benefit while maintaining a healthy environment for the foreseeable future"

- Human society is a part of the environment
  - Protecting and enhancing the environment is good for society



• A healthy environment = a healthy society = a healthy economy





# Sustainable Development & Environmental Stewardship are Linked

"Effective environmental stewardship requires all of us to manage natural resources in ways that protect and enhance – rather than compromise – the ability of future generations to meet their own needs"

♦ US EPA (2005)



- Environmental Stewardship & Sustainable Development meet in the present and carry forward together
  - There can be no sustainable development without environmental stewardship
  - In order for a society to protect and preserve the environment it must be able to engage itself in the effective use of its affordable resources





# Sustainable Development, Environmental Stewardship & the Engineer

"Engineers are involved with two kinds of projects:

- They design and build projects that meet basic human needs ...
- They design and build facilities and systems to mitigate environmental problems ... "

♦ WFEO (2002)

- The engineering profession is neutral
- Engineering projects are NOT neutral



- Engineering activities offer many opportunities to pursue sustainable development and environmental stewardship
  - Engineers can advocate and contribute to a positive future through clean(er) technologies
  - Engineers placing more emphasis on technologies and mechanisms that substitute high impacts with lower impacts e.g. renewable energy



# Sustainable Development, Environmental Stewardship & the Engineer

"Engineers are faced with a dilemma. They may not be the decision-maker. They may not share the perspective of the local community."

#### Three demands on the engineer

- 1. Sensitivity to local communities
- 2. Providing robust information to decision-makers



3. Assuming leadership roles when opportunities are presented

The engineer can contribute to a positive future by providing leadership in their area of practice





#### The Model Code of Practice Think Global – Act Local

- The Model Code of Practice identifies ten principles that engineers can follow to establish leadership
- Each Code principle provides context
  - Detailed guidance
  - Explanatory commentary
- The Code principles ....
- 1. Knowledge & Competency
- 2. Limits to Competency
- 3. Social Impacts
- 4. Sustainability Outcomes
- 5. Costing & Economics

6. Planning & Management

- 7. Innovation
- 8. Communication & Consultation
- 9. Regulatory & Legal Requirements
- 10. Risk Mitigation



## Model Code of Practice 1 Knowledge & Competency

Maintain and continuously improve awareness and understanding of environmental steward ship & sustainability principles

#### Engineers should:

- Recognize the extent that professional activities affect the environment and sustainability
- Have a working knowledge of sustainability
- Recognize the importance of Environmental Management Systems (EMS)
- Stay informed of major environmental issues
- Maintain expertise and keep up with advancements





### Model Code of Practice 2 Limits to Competency

Use expertise of others in the areas where your own knowledge is not adequate

Engineers should:

 Recognize that environmental issues and sustainability are interdisciplinary in nature



- Undertake only the aspects of environmental work that they are competent to perform
- Seek out and use environmental specialists to provide expert advice on environmental issues
- Consult disciplines outside of engineering
  - Social impacts
  - External economic impacts





Model Code of Practice 3 Social Impacts

Incorporate global, regional and local societal values applicable to your work

Engineers should:

• Keep a broad perspective beyond local conditions and the immediate future



- Note that local conditions and social impacts influence engineering actions
- Identify the positive and negative effects of proposed actions
- Seek information and input on societal values
- Look beyond initial solutions to better understand broader consequences

Entertain a healthy skepticism on behalf of the public good
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### Model Code of Practice 4 Sustainability Outcomes

Implement sustainability outcomes at the earliest possible stage employing all applicable standards and criteria

#### Engineers should:

- Begin the environmental assessment process at the earliest planning stages of an initiative
- Consider scientific research, engineering design principles and local operating experiences
- Comply with environmental assessment requirements
- Explore, develop and document criteria which reflect sustainability standards

- Recognize the value of multidisciplinary involvement in decision making
- Identify and promote cost-efficient solutions that integrate social, environmental and economic factors
- Communicate relevant technical, economic, environmental, and social information to decision-makers



### Model Code of Practice 5 Costing and Economics

Assess the costs and benefits of environmental protection and sustainability in evaluating the economic viability of work

#### Engineers should

- Conduct and economic analysis of their project in comparison to the benefits
- Include all capital, operating, maintenance, commissioning, decommissioning, social and environmental costs into the analysis



- Include environmental protection and sustainability in life cycle assessment
- Consider true costs including the use of a raw resources, manufacturing, by-products and end-of-life disposal
- Recognize that environmental protection and associated costs are integral to project development
  - Costs and benefits of GHG reduction
  - Costs of adaptation to improve resilience to the impacts of changing climate



### Model Code of Practice 6 Planning and Management

Integrate environmental stewardship and sustainability planning into life-cycle planning and management of activities

#### Engineers should:

- Recognize that their projects may have impacts on the environment
- Identify environmental effects and sustainability aspects of a project
- Prevent adverse effects
- Seek opportunities to protect and enhance the environment and its sustainability
- Use an EMS

- Design and operate infrastructure to minimize environmental impacts
- Find innovative ways to minimize the need for resources
- Account for the short, long-term, direct and indirect consequences
- Assess reasonable alternatives
- Monitor the effect of changing climate
- Comply with all relevant legislation, approvals and orders



#### Model Code of Practice 7 Innovation

Seek innovations that achieve a balance between environmental, social and economic factors while contributing to healthy surroundings in both the built and natural environment.

Engineers should:

- Play a key role in transforming science into technology for application in the real world as structured problem solvers
- Recognize that innovative solutions can be reapplied throughout the profession
- Recognize that resources may be limited
- Balance environmental, social & economic factors
- Promote the re-application of good innovative solutions







### Model Code of Practice 8 Communication and Consultation

Develop locally appropriate engagement processes for stakeholders

#### Engineers should

- Assign a high priority to informing internal and external stakeholders
  - Accountability, inclusiveness, transparency, commitment and responsiveness
- Reach out to all who are affected
- Provide clear, timely and complete information
- Allocate sufficient resources
- Be responsive, accessible and endeavor to understand public and other stakeholder concerns

- Encourage stakeholder involvement
- Recognize need for local, neighborhood, traditional and input
- Document their approach to problem solving
- Immediately advise employers and clients of concerns
- Work with other disciplines
- Share expertise
- Participate in professional societies



## Model Code of Practice 9 Regulatory and Legal Requirements

Ensure that projects comply with regulatory and legal requirements

#### Engineers should:

- Maintain knowledge of local legal requirements
- Ensure proper documentation
- Manage & assign professional responsibility for both action and omission
- Comply with all relevant legislation, approvals & orders
- Endeavour to go above and beyond standards and regulatory requirements
- Keep authorities aware of environmental effects

- Maintain confidentiality unless otherwise required by relevant laws, regulations, approvals or orders
- Notify proper authorities where they believe that public safety or the environment is endangered
- Apply international or other national regulations, codes or standards judged to be locally appropriate
  - Countries where limited regulatory standards exist





### Model Code of Practice 10 Risk Mitigation

Mitigate risk to minimize environmental impacts

#### Engineers should:

- Use precautionary, risk assessment, processes to recommend actions to protect, restore & improve the environment
- Address uncertainties in scientific data or incomplete evidence of adverse impacts through risk management
- Understand the consequences of actions and also of inaction
- Provide decision-makers a clear statement of the actions required to protect, restore & improve the environment







# Leadership in Sustainability and Environmental Stewardship

"The engineering profession must lead the way and be seen to lead the way towards a more sustainable future."

- Engineers can work towards better solutions and contribute to the profession's ability to promote sustainability and environmental stewardship
- The World Federation of Engineering Organizations and its more than 15 million engineers worldwide have pledged to engage in sustainable development and environmental stewardship in the practice of engineering







#### Questions More Information

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